January 2019 Update Pack

Dear Colleague,

Thank you for downloading the first update pack of 2019.

This update includes Fusion's Thermashield pre-insulated panels as an optional flanking construction to E-WS-1. Thermashield was added as a flanking option to E-FS-3 in June 2018, so this latest amendment now allows plots using this inner leaf construction to be registered for both the wall and the floor Robust Details.

E-FS-3 also includes a new ceiling treatment option offering an alternative to using the HP30 resilient bars. This new treatment specifies a generic 16mm resilient bar, and also a second ceiling with a minimum 150mm void.

Other amendments include clarifying the sheathing and panel spacings requirements for E-WT-2. Please see the Changes Sheet for full details of all updates.

Please update your September 2018, 4th Edition Handbook as follows:

- 1. Remove and replace just last page 5/6 of E-WM-9.
- 2. Remove and replace just the first and last page of E-WT-2.
- 3. Remove and replace all pages of E-WS-1.
- 4. Remove and replace just page 9/10 of E-WS-5.
- 5. Remove and replace just last page 5/6 of E-FC-5.
- 6. Remove and replace all pages of E-FS-3.
- 7. Remove and replace just first page 1/2 of Appendix A2.

Yours sincerely

John Thompson

Chief Executive, Robust Details Limited

Changes to the fourth edition following January 2019 update

Section Page Amendment

Separating Wall – Masonry

E-WM-9

Checklist

Points 7 & 8 adjusted to read "cement:sand render".

Separating Wall – Timber

E-WT-2

First bullet point DO box

1 Clarification to show all acceptable sheathing options.

1 2nd bullet point reworded.

Checklist 8 New item 3 added; subsequent items renumbered.

Separating Wall - Steel

E-WS-1

Diagram 1

2 Fusion Thermashield added as a flanking option

Note added referencing separating floors and Table 3c.

Diagram 2

Fusion Thermashield added as a

flanking option

Note added referencing separating

floors and Table 3c.

Checklist

New item 6 added; subsequent

items renumbered.

E-WS-5

Diagram 11.2

Service void specification corrected to read "1 layer of gypsum board".

Separating Floor - Concrete

E-FC-5

Contact details

Resilient system corrected to read "YELOfon® HD10+".

Separating Floor - Steel

E-FS-3

Diagram 1

 Option added to space gypsum board lining off Fusion Thermashield.

Ceiling treatments 4 New CT1 and CT2 options added to allow use of generic resilient bar.

Checklist

6 Item 6 reworded to cover ceiling treatment options.

New items 10 & 11 added; subsequent items renumbered. Cellecta contact details updated.

Appendix A2

Icopal-MONARFLOOR BRIDGESTOP Description of item 4 amended to reflect revised component name.

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See overleaf for checklist

CHECKLIST (to be completed by site manager/supervisor)

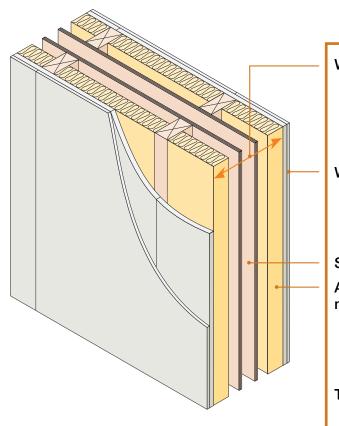
Con	npany:				
Site					
Plot	:	Site manager/supervisor:			
Ref.	Item		Yes No	Inspected (initials & date)	
1.		blocks dense aggregate 3) as featured on the list of acceptable details.com)?		(iiiiaio a dato)	
2.	Are blocks laid for t (i.e. 215mm blocks	he full 215mm width of the wall laid on side)?			
3.	Is blockwork laid sin	ngle course stretcher bond?			
4.	Is separating wall breaking the continuity of the inner leaf? (i.e. is the face of the separating wall abutted and tied or bonded into the inner leaf)				
5.	Are cavity stops ins	talled?			
6.	Are all joints fully fill	ed?			
7.		der applied to the whole wall face? y be omitted between floor joists/beams)			
8.	Is cement:sand rend finished?	der at least 13mm thick and scratch			
9.	Is mass per unit are 12.5 kg/m ² ?	a of the gypsum based board at least			
10.	Are all junctions of vor caulked with sea	wall and ceiling boards sealed with tape ant?			
11.	Is separating wall sa	atisfactorily complete?			
	·	f any corrective action) signature			

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- With full, partial or no sheathing
 - Twin timber frames ■



Wall width 240mm (min) between inner faces of wall linings. 50mm (min) cavity (gap between wall panels) 68mm (min) between stud frames Wall lining - 2 or more layers of gypsum-based board (total nominal mass per unit area 22 kg/m²), both sides - all joints staggered Sheathing 9mm (min) thick board Absorbent 60mm (min) mineral wool material batts or quilt (density $10 - 60 \text{ kg/m}^3$) both sides. Material may be unfaced, paper faced or wirereinforced Ties Ties between frames not

more than 40mm x 3mm, at 1200mm (min) centres horizontally, one row of ties per storey height vertically

Outer leaf masonry with

minimum 50mm cavity

Note: This specification is intended for use where the extent of sheathing required to the cavity face of the separating wall is greater than that permitted for E-WT-1

Structural framing details may vary slightly between different manufacturers and this is permitted, however, all dimension specifications within this Robust Detail must be adhered to.

Separating wall cavity insulation (optional)

The cavity may be insulated with mineral wool rolls or batts with a density of 18 – 40 kg/m³. Ensure insulation thickness is no greater than 10mm wider than cavity width to avoid excessive compression of the insulation.

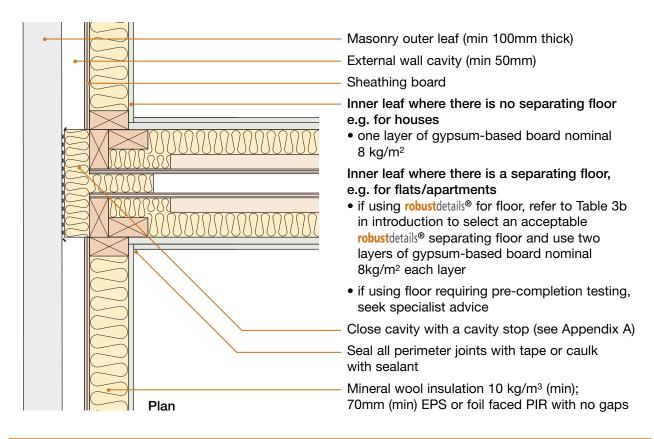
DO

External

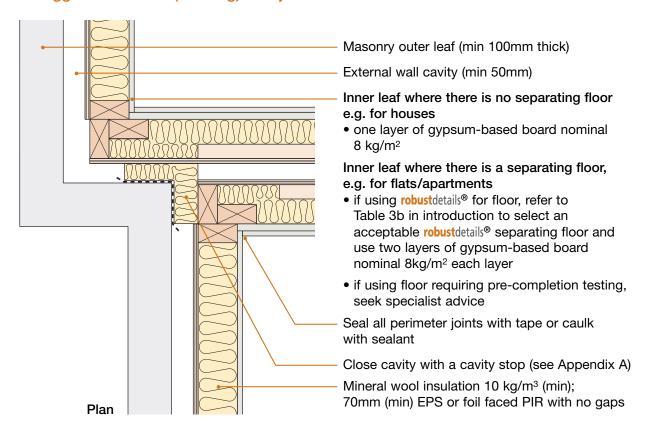
(flanking) wall

- Keep wall linings at least 240mm apart
- Ensure that the minimum gap between the wall panels is maintained
- Ensure quilt or batts cover whole lining area, fitting tight between studs without sagging
- Ensure that all cavity stops/closers are flexible or are fixed to one frame only
- Make sure there is no connection between the two leaves except where ties are necessary for structural reasons (see above)
- Stagger joints in wall linings to avoid air paths
- Seal all joints in outer layer with tape or caulk with sealant
- Refer to Appendix A

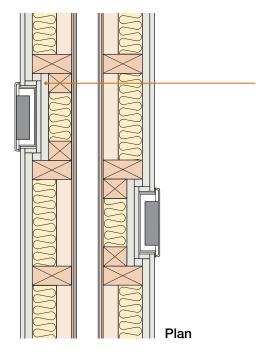
1. External (flanking) wall junction



2. Staggered external (flanking) wall junction



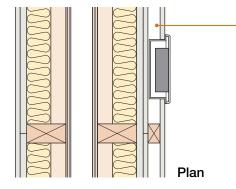
10. Services and sockets in the separating wall



9.1 - electrical sockets, switches, etc.

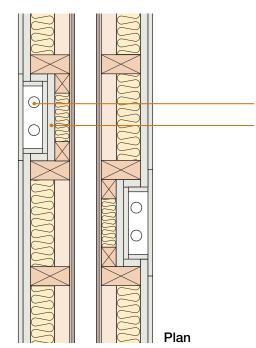
Provide two or more layers of gypsum-based board (total nominal mass per unit area 22 kg/m²) to enclose electrical boxes

Stagger sockets, switches, etc. on each side of the wall such that they are not positioned in opposite bays



Alternatively provide a service void on surface of separating wall. This is the preferred method where more than one socket, switch, etc. are close together, e.g. in a kitchen.

Studs or battens used to create the service zone should be securely fixed back to the separating wall structure



9.2 - piped services

Service duct within separating wall

Provide two or more layers of gypsum-based board (total nominal mass per unit area 22 kg/m²) to enclose pipes

Stagger services on each side of wall such that they are not positioned in opposite bays

Note: this detail is not applicable for SVPs or gas pipes.

CHECKLIST (to be completed by site manager/supervisor)

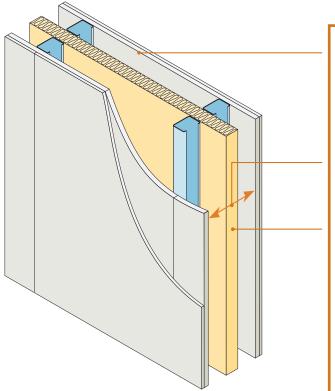
	ipany:		
Site:			
Plot:	Site manager/supervisor:		
Ref.	Item	Yes No	Inspected (initials & date)
1.	Are wall linings at least 240mm apart?		(iiiidio di dato)
2.	Are sheathing boards at least 50mm apart?		
3.	Are stud frames at least 68mm apart?		
4.	Is absorbent material at least 60mm thick?		
5.	Does absorbent material cover whole lining area except above ceiling line in roof void zone?		
6.	Are all joints in wall lining staggered?		
7.	Is separating wall lining correct mass per unit area on both sides?		
8.	Are all joints sealed with tape or caulked with sealant?		
9.	Are services installed in accordance with sketches 9.1 and 9.2?		
10.	If there is a separating floor (e.g. in flats/apartments) has the resilient flanking strip been provided?		
11.	Is separating wall satisfactorily complete?		
	tes (include details of any corrective action)		
Site	manager/supervisor signature		

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- Twin metal frames ■
- For use in lightweight steel frame houses and flats/apartments



Wall lining - 2 or more layers of gypsum-

based board (minimum total nominal mass per unit area 22 kg/m²) both sides

- all joints staggered

Wall width 200mm (min) between inner

faces of wall linings.

Absorbent material

- one layer 50mm (min) unfaced mineral wool batts (density 33-60 kg/m³), or - two layers 25mm (min) unfaced mineral wool batts (density 33-60 kg/m³), or - two layers 25mm (min) unfaced mineral wool quilt

(density min 10 kg/m³)

External

Outer leaf masonry with (flanking) wall minimum 50mm cavity

Notes: The steel frame profiles shown are indicative only. Other profiles are acceptable.

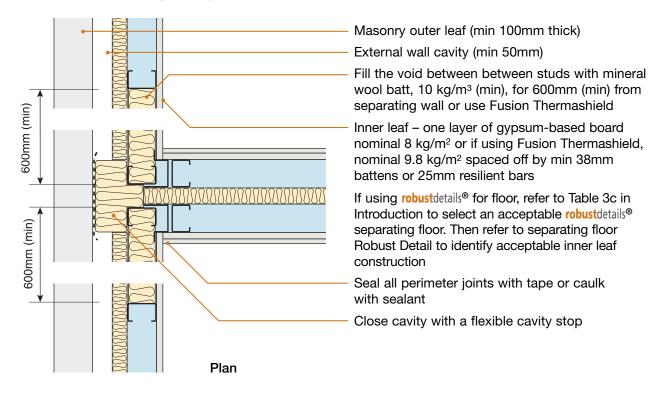
This Robust Detail is only suitable for use in lightweight steel frame houses and flats/apartments. When using this Robust Detail in flats/apartments please refer to Tables 3 and 4 of the Introduction. In relation to separating floors the inner leaf of external (flanking) walls may require further treatments - seek specialist advice.

All sketches show one layer of mineral wool batts placed between the studs. It is also acceptable to place a layer of mineral wool batts or quilt on both sides of the wall.

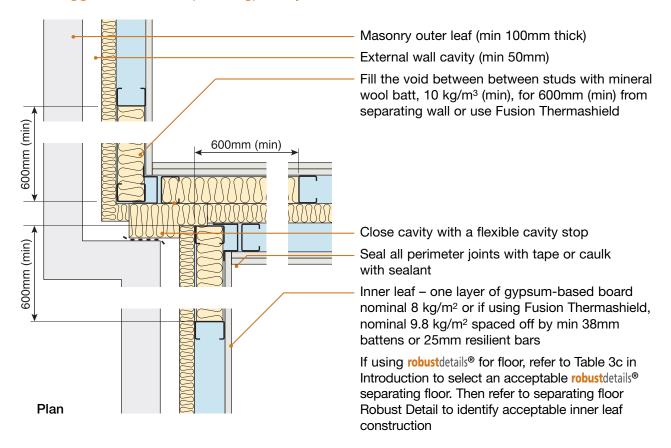
DO

- Keep wall linings at least 200mm apart
- Ensure the batts or quilt cover whole wall area and are fitted together tightly
- Make sure batts or quilt are not tightly compressed by the twin frames
- Ensure that all cavity stops/closers are flexible or are fixed to one frame only
- Make sure there is no connection between the two leaves except where ties are necessary for structural reasons
- Stagger joints in wall linings to avoid air paths
- Seal all joints in outer layer with tape or caulk with sealant
- Refer to Appendix A

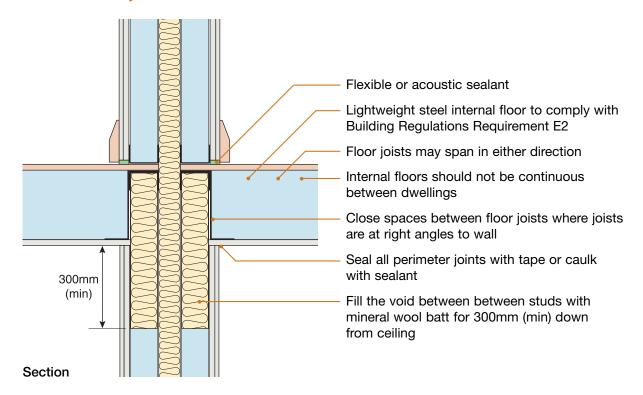
1. External (flanking) wall junction



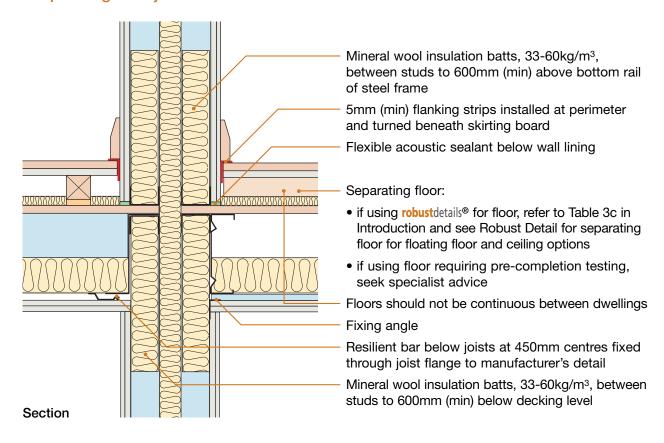
2. Staggered external (flanking) wall junction



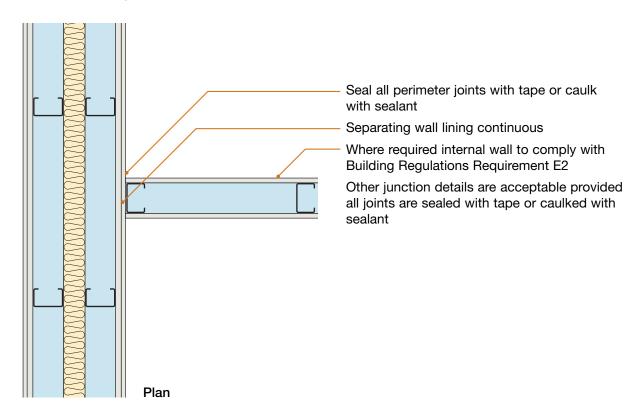
3. Internal floor junction



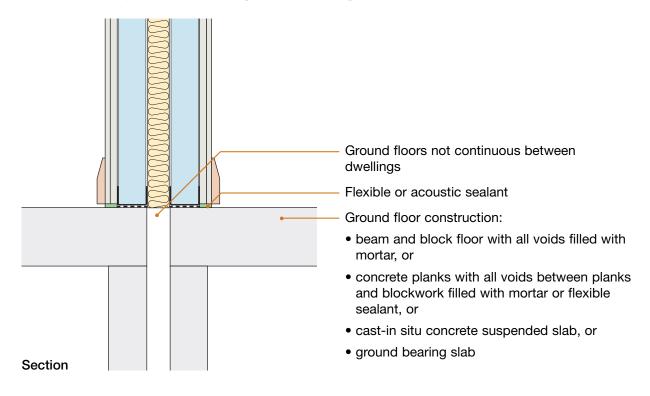
4. Separating floor junction



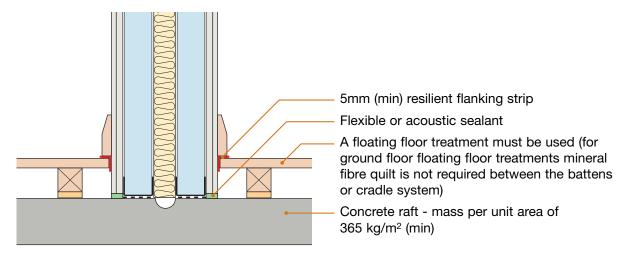
5. Internal wall junction



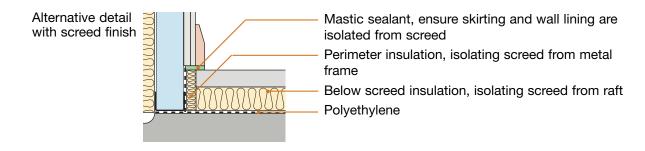
6. Ground floor junction: beam and block, precast concrete plank, cast-in situ concrete suspended slab or ground bearing slab



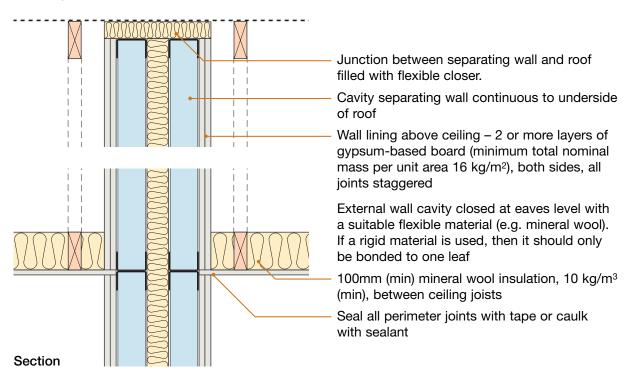
7. Raft foundation



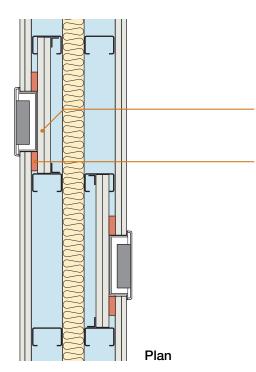
Section



8. Roof junction - pitched roof with no room-in-roof



9. Services and sockets in the separating wall

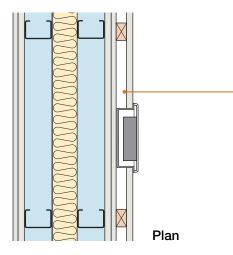


9.1 - electrical sockets, switches, etc.

Stagger sockets, switches, etc. on each side of the wall such that they are not positioned in opposite bays

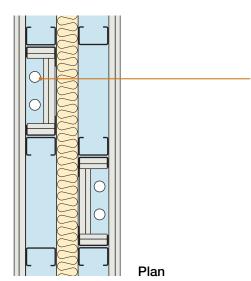
Provide two or more layers of gypsum-based board (total nominal mass per unit area 22 kg/m²) to enclose electrical boxes

Fire resistant seal where required by Part B of the Building Regulations



Service void on surface of separating wall. This is the preferred method where more than one socket, switch, etc. are close together, e.g. in a kitchen.

Studs or battens used to create the service zone should be securely fixed back to the separating wall structure.



9.2 - piped services

Stagger services on each side of wall such that they are not positioned in opposite bays

Note: this detail is not applicable for SVPs or gas pipes

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See overleaf for checklist

CHECKLIST (to be completed by site manager/supervisor)

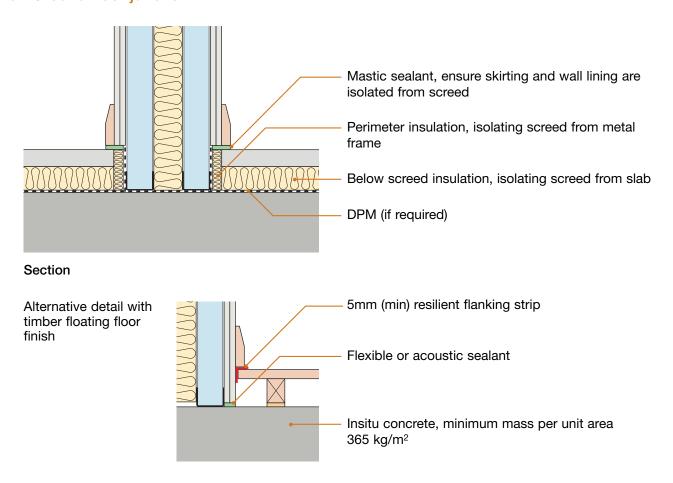
Con	npany:			
Site				
Plot	:	Site manager/supervisor:		
Ref.	Item		Yes No	Inspected (initials & date)
1.	Are wall linings at le	east 200mm apart?		(IIIIIais & date)
2.		aterial unfaced mineral wool batts ate density and thickness?		
3.	Are batts or quilt fit	ted together tightly?		
4.	Are all joints in the	wall lining staggered?		
5.	Is separating wall lini	ng correct mass per unit area on both sides?		
6.	Where Fusion Thermashield is used, is the inner leaf gypsum board 9.8 kg/m ² and spaced off by min 38mm battens or 25mm resilent bars?			
7.	Are all joints sealed	with tape or caulked with sealant?		
8.	Are services installed in accordance with sketches 8.1 & 8.2?			
9.	Is separating wall s	atisfactorily complete?		
		f any corrective action)		
Site	manager/supervisor	signature		

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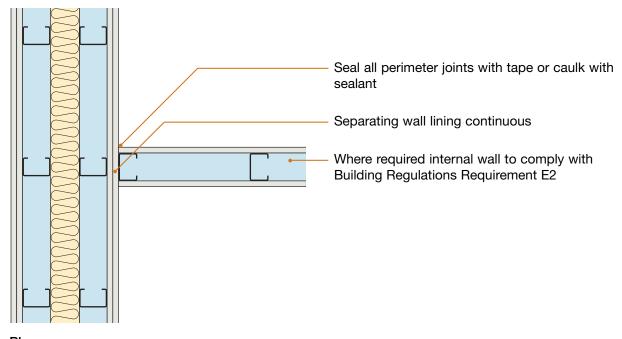
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9. Ground floor junction



10. Internal wall junction

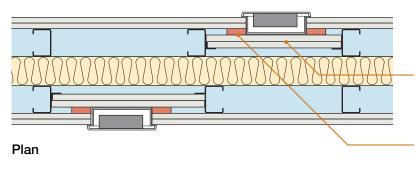


Plan

Ensure studs, top and bottom rails or gypsum boards do not bridge between the twin frames

11. Services and sockets in the separating wall

11.1 Electrical sockets, switches etc

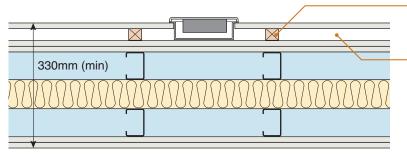


Stagger sockets, switches, etc. on each side of the wall such that they are not positioned in opposite bays

Provide two or more layers of gypsum-based board (total nominal mass per unit area 20 kg/m²) to enclose electrical boxes

Fire resistant seal where required by Part B of the Building Regulations

11.2 Electrical sockets and switches in service void

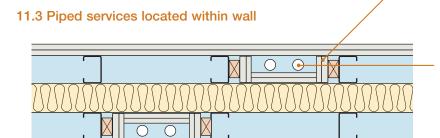


Plan

Service void using min 25mm battens or steel studs with 1 layer of gypsum board

Service void on surface of separating wall. This is the preferred method where more than one socket, switch, etc. are close together, e.g. in a kitchen

Studs or battens used to create the service zone should be securely fixed back to the separating wall structure



Plan

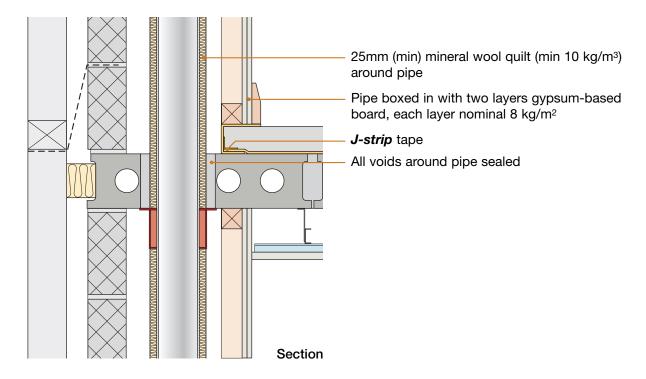
Provide two or more layers of gypsum-based board (total nominal mass per unit area 20 kg/m²) to enclose pipes

Stagger services on each side of the wall such that they are not positioned in opposite bays

Note: this detail is not applicable for SVPs or gas pipes

Ensure studs, top and bottom rails or gypsum boards do not bridge between the twin frames

6. Services – Service pipes through separating floor



Sketch shows CT0 type ceiling treatment

CHECKLIST (to be completed by site manager/supervisor)

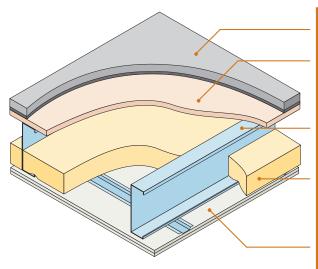
Com	ıpany:					
Site:						
Plot:		Site manager/supervisor:				
Ref.	Item			Yes No	Inspected (initials & date)	
1.	Has training been re	eceived from Cellecta®?			(initials a date)	
2.		e planks 150mm (min) thick it area 300 kg/m² (min)?				
3.		external (flanking) walls of the oppropriate for precast concrete g treatment?				
4.	Are joints between p	recast concrete planks grouted	and sealed?			
5.	Are precast concrete	e planks built into the masonry	walls?			
6.	perimeter walls (incl	eter edging installed around all uding door openings, cupboard wall recesses) and service pipe tape?	ds, across			
7.		0+ resilient layer joints formed a 4 and sealed with <i>J-strip</i> tape				
8.		+ resilient layer overlapping the dijoints sealed with <i>J-strip</i> tap				
9.	Are the skirting boar perimeter edging?	rds isolated from the screed by	the E-strip			
10.	Is appropriate ceiling	g treatment used to suit wall bl	ock type?			
11.	Are all ceiling board sealant?	joints sealed with tape or caul	ked with			
12.		apped in quilt and boxed in with gypsum-based board?	n two layers			
13.	Is separating floor sa	atisfactorily complete?				
	ntact details for technical	assistance from <i>Cellecta</i> ®, manufact		HD10+ systen		
	·	f any corrective action)				

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Cellecta ScreedBoard® 28 on timber sub-floor ■ Use with lightweight metal frame walls only ■



Cellecta ScreedBoard® 28 Floating floor

Floor decking 18mm thick (min) wood

based board, density

600 kg/m³ (min)

Joists 254mm (min) deep metal

joists

Absorbent 100mm (min) mineral wool material quilt insulation (10-36 kg/m³)

between joists

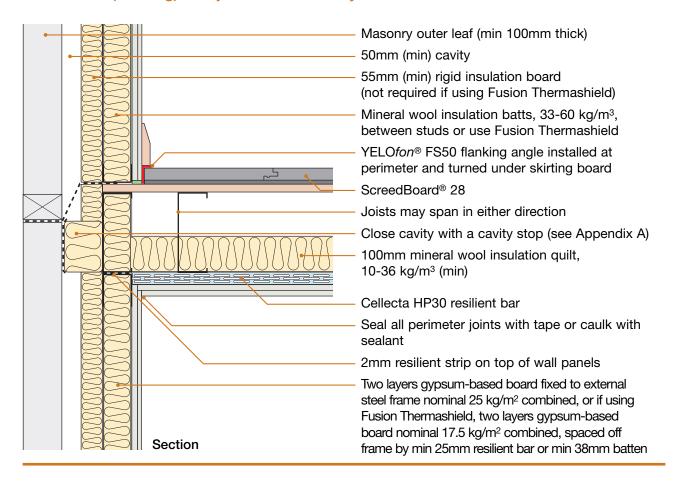
Ceiling See section 4 for suitable

ceiling treatment

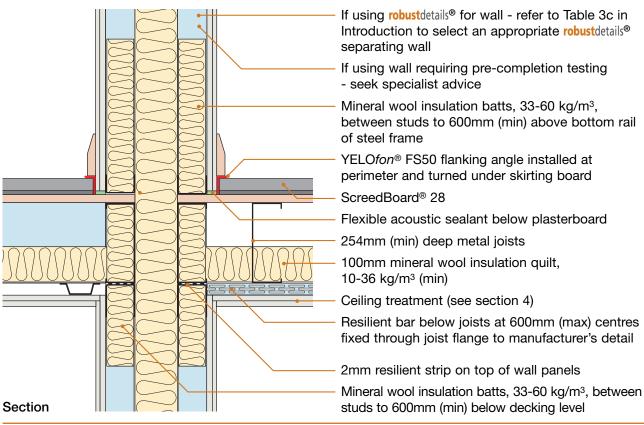
DO

- Lay quilt (min 100mm thick) between all joists, including doubled up joists, ensuring no gaps remain
- Apply Cellecta SB adhesive to all ScreedBoard® 28 decking joints
- Install YELOfon® FS50 flanking angle around the perimeter of the ScreedBoard® 28 to isolate floor from walls and skirtings
- Ensure resilient ceiling bars are fixed at right angles to the joists
- Ensure ceiling treatment is fixed correctly (see section 4)
- Stagger joints in ceiling layers
- Refer to Appendix A

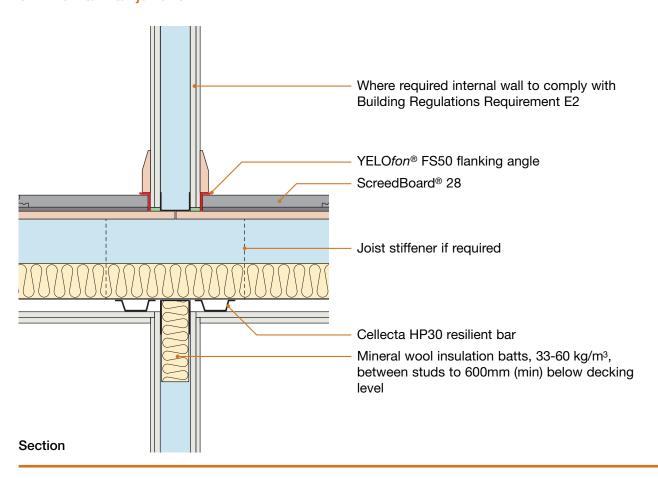
1. External (flanking) wall junction - masonry outer leaf



2. Separating wall junction



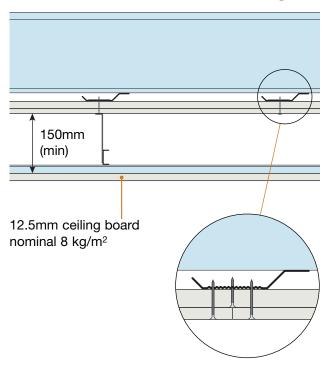
3. Internal wall junction



4. Ceiling treatment for E-FS-3

- The maximum load on resilient bars should not exceed that specified in the manufacturer's instructions
- Ensure ceiling layers have staggered joints.
- Services must not puncture ceiling linings (except cables, which should be sealed around with flexible sealant)

CT1 and CT2 - Must include second ceiling



CEILING BOARD FIXINGS MUST NOT PENETRATE OR TOUCH JOISTS

16mm (min) resilient bars with CT1 and CT2

16mm (min) metal resilient ceiling bars mounted at right angles to the joists at 400mm centres (bars must achieve a minimum laboratory performance of $rd\Delta Rw+Ctr=17dB$ and $rd\Delta Lw=16dB$) – see Appendix E

Ceiling treatment CT1

Two layers of gypsum-based board, composed of 19mm (nominal 13.5 kg/m²) fixed with 32mm screws, and 12.5mm (nominal 10 kg/m²) fixed with 42 mm screws

Ceiling treatment CT2

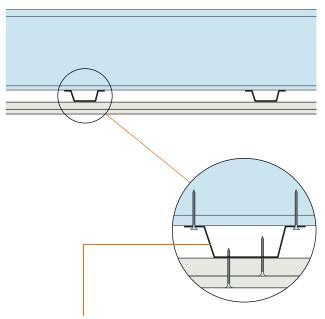
Two layers of gypsum-based boards composed of 15mm (nominal 12.5 kg/m²) fixed with 25mm screws and second layer of 15mm gypsum-based board (nominal 12.5 kg/m²) fixed with 42mm screws

Downlighters and recessed lighting

Downlighters or recessed lighting may be installed in the second ceiling in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions

Particular attention should also be paid to Building Regulations Part B - Fire Safety

CT3 - Optional second ceiling



Cellecta® HP30 30mm deep metal resilient bar fixed perpendicular to floor joists at 600mm (max) centres

Ceiling treatment CT3

Two layers of gypsum-based boards composed of 15mm (nominal 12.5 kg/m²) fixed with 25mm screws and second layer of 15mm gypsum-based board (nominal 12.5 kg/m²) fixed with 42mm screws

Downlighters and recessed lighting

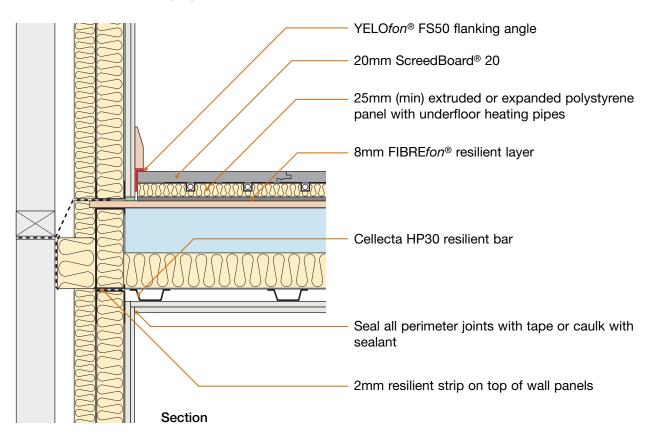
Downlighters or recessed lighting may be installed in the primary ceiling:

- in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions
- at no more than one light per 2m² of ceiling area in each room unless the use of a greater density of light fittings is supported by testing undertaken in accordance with Appendix F
- at centres not less than 0.75m
- into openings not exceeding 100mm diameter or 100x100mm

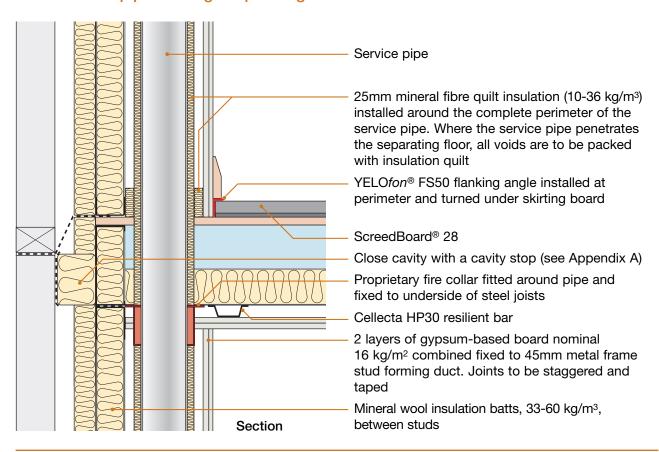
Particular attention should also be paid to Building Regulations Part B - Fire Safety

Note: Only downlighters which have been satisfactorily assessed in accordance with the procedure described in Appendix F "Determination of the acoustic performance of downlighters and recessed lighting in lightweight separating floors" are acceptable.

5. Underfloor heating systems below ScreedBoard®



6. Services - pipes through separating floor



CHECKLIST (to be completed by site manager/supervisor)

Com	ipany:					
Site:						
Plot:		Site manager/supervisor:				
Ref.	Item			s No		Inspected
1.	Are metal joists mini	imum 254mm deep?	()	<u>()</u>	1	(initials & date)
2.	Is sub-deck minimu	m 18mm, 600 kg/m³?				
3.	Are YELOfon® FS50	flanking angles installed correctly?				
4.		rd® 28 floating floor treatment been fitted the manufacturer's instructions?				
5.	Where underfloor he addition to the Screen	eating is used, is FIBRE <i>fon</i> ® 8 installed in edBoard® 20?				
6.	Are the correct type of resilient ceiling bars used and fitted, in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions, at right angles to the joists (Cellecta® HP30 bars must be used if second ceiling is not included)?					
7.	Has quilt (min 100m	m thick) been fitted between the joists?]	
8.	Has ceiling system I manufacturer's instr	peen fitted in accordance with the uctions?				
9.		ments fixed to the resilient bars with n that the screws do not touch or				
10.	For CT1 or CT2 is s	econdary ceiling void minimum 150mm?				
11.	layers gypsum-based	ashield is used, is the inner leaf lined with 2 I board nominal 17.5 kg/m² combined, spac v min 25mm resilient bar or min 38mm batte				
12.	Are all joints sealed	with tape or caulked with sealant?			1	
13.		pipes wrapped in quilt and boxed in with m-based board combined nominal mass cg/m ² ?				
14.	Is separating floor s	atisfactorily complete?				
Cor	ntact details for technical	assistance from Cellecta, manufacturer of Scree	dBoard®	28 syste	em:	
Tel	ephone: 01634 29667	77 Fax: 01634 226630 E-mail: t	echnica	l@celle	ecta.co	o.uk
No	tes (include details of	f any corrective action)				
Site	e manager/supervisor	signature				

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^{®:} UK registered trade mark no. 2291665

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Appendix A2 - Specific Flanking Conditions

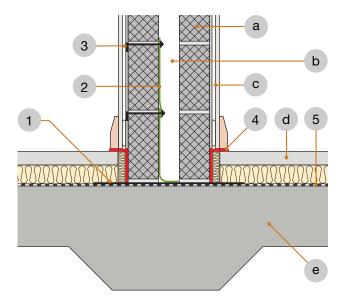
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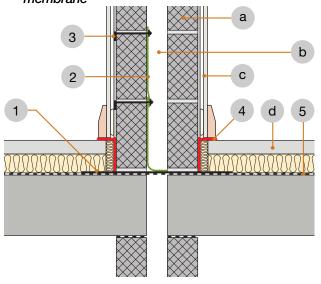
Appendix A2 - Specific Flanking Conditions

Icopal-MONARFLOOR® BRIDGESTOP® System for robustdetails® cavity masonry walls. Refer to Table 6 in Introduction.

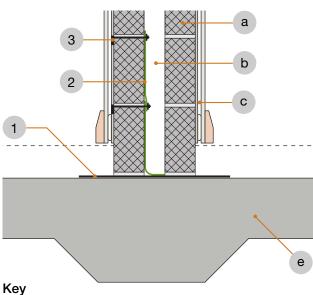
1. Separating wall - direct support on raft



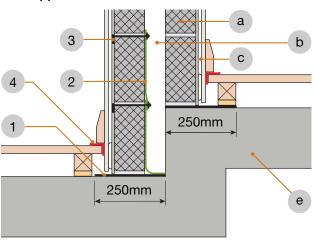
 Separating wall – suspended floor with gas membrane



3. Insulated raft foundation



4. Stepped foundation



- 1 500mm wide (or 250mm where shown) MONARFLOOR® BRIDGESTOP® 3mm HP Acoustic Membrane laid under the party wall over the dpm. This is an integral part of the system.
- 2 MONARFLOOR® BRIDGESTOP® Quilt in two lifts to prevent mortar droppings touching both masonry leaves.
- 3 MONARFLOOR® BRIDGESTOP® Tie to penetrate at max 450mm centres. Ties are reversible. May also be used as render depth marker.
- 4 MONARFLOOR® 6mm Flanking Band forming a 90° angle to isolate floating floor treatment from separating wall blocks, lining and skirting board.
- 5 Continuous dpm over the raft where ground gasses are an issue. Contact Icopal for specification.

- a Min 100mm block (with appropriate Type A wall ties) dependent on Robust Detail being used. Refer to Table 6a in the Introduction.
- **b** Min 75mm or 100mm cavity width dependent on Robust Detail being used.
- c Wall finish dependent on Robust Detail used.
- d Floating screed on insulation; or timber floating floor types FFT2 resilient cradle and batten, FFT3 resilient batten, or FFT4 deep platform system.
- e 150mm (min) thick insitu concrete 365kg/m² (min) mass per unit area or Insulslab SFRC.

Contact details for Icopal-MONARFLOOR®:

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E-mail: acoustics.uk@icopal.com

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BRIDGESTOP® is the subject of Patent Application ref GB2429719